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- (c) Hydrogen ion concentration. The pH shall be 7.0±0.3 when measured in a solution of the final product diluted to a concentration of 1 percent protein with 0.15 molar sodium chloride.
- (d) *Sodium content.* The sodium content of the final product shall be 130 to 160 milliequivalents per liter.
- (e) *Potassium content.* The potassium content of the final product shall not exceed 2 milliequivalents per liter.
- (f) Heat stability. A final container sample of Plasma Protein Fraction (Human) shall remain unchanged, as determined by visual inspection, after heating at 57 °C for 50 hours, when compared to its control consisting of a sample, from the same lot, which has not undergone this heating.

[42 FR 27583, May 31, 1977, as amended at 49 FR 23834, June 8, 1984; 55 FR 11013, Mar. 26, 1990]

§640.93 General requirements.

- (a) *Preservative.* The final product shall not contain a preservative.
- (b) Storage of bulk solution. After all processing steps have been completed, the sterile bulk solution shall be stored in a manner that will ensure the continued sterility of the product, and at a temperature that shall not exceed the recommended storage temperature of the final product prescribed in §610.53 of this chapter.

§640.94 Labeling.

In addition to the labeling requirements of §§610.60, 610.61, and 610.62 of this chapter, the container and package labels shall contain the following information:

- (a) The osmotic equivalent in terms of plasma, and the sodium content in terms of a value or a range in milliequivalents per liter.
- (b) The cautionary statement placed in a prominent position on the label, "Do Not Use if Turbid. Do Not Begin Administration More than 4 Hours After the Container Has Been Entered."

[42 FR 27583, May 31, 1977, as amended at 49 FR 2244, Jan. 19, 1984]

Subpart J—Immune Globulin (Human)

§640.100 Immune Globulin (Human).

- (a) Proper name and definition. The proper name of this product shall be Immune Globulin (Human). The product is defined as a sterile solution containing antibodies derived from human blood.
- (b) Source material. The source of Immune Globulin (Human) shall be blood, plasma or serum from human donors determined at the time of donation to have been free of causative agents of diseases that are not destroyed or removed by the processing methods, as determined by the donor's history and from such physical examination and clinical tests as appear necessary for each donor at the time the blood was obtained. The source blood, plasma or serum shall not contain a preservative and shall be stored in a manner that will prevent contamination by microorganisms, pyrogens or other impurities.
- (c) Additives in source material. Source blood, plasma or serum shall contain no additives other than citrate or acid citrate dextrose anticoagulant solution, unless it is shown that the processing method yields a product free of the additive to such an extent that the safety, purity and potency of the product will not be affected adversely.

[38 FR 32089, Nov. 20, 1973, as amended at 50 FR 4140, Jan. 29, 1985]

§640.101 General requirements.

- (a) Heat stability test. Approximately 2 ml. of completely processed material of each lot shall not show any visible sign of gelation after heating in a 12×75 mm. stoppered glass tube at 57 °C. for 4 hours.
- (b) Hydrogen ion concentration. The pH of final container material shall be 6.8±0.4 when measured in a solution diluted to 1 percent protein with 0.15 molar sodium chloride.
- (c) *Turbidity*. The product shall be free of turbidity as determined by visual inspection of final containers.
- (d) Date of manufacture. The date of manufacture is the date of initiating the last valid measles or poliomyelitis